Vestibular Rehabilitation Benefit Questionnaire

This questionnaire asks about your **dizziness** on a **typical day** in the last week - please do not include problems that you think are caused by another condition.

Please answer **all** of the questions by circling **one** of the answer options.

Part A - y	our sympto	ms					Scores
This section	is about how	often you e	xperience di	fferent feelin	igs.		(office use)
1. I feel diz	zzy						
all of the time	very often	quite often	sometimes	not very often	only very occasionally	never	D
2. I get a fe	eeling of ting	ling, prickli	ng or numbr	ness in my b	ody		
all of the time	very often	quite often	sometimes	not very often	only very occasionally	never	А
3. I have a	feeling that	things are s	pinning or n	noving arou	nd		
all of the time	very often	quite often	sometimes	not very often	only very occasionally	never	D
4. I feel as	though my l	neart is pou	nding or flut	tering			
all of the time	very often	quite often	sometimes	not very often	only very occasionally	never	А
5. I feel un	steady, as th	ough I may	lose my ba	lance			
all of the time	very often	quite often	sometimes	not very often	only very occasionally	never	D
6. I have d	lifficulty brea	thing or fee	l short of bre	eath			
all of the time	very often	quite often	sometimes	not very often	only very occasionally	never	A
This section	is about how	dizzy you d	aet when you	move ground	d.		
Please do r	not circle 'not or talk to you	at all dizzy' i	f you avoid n	naking the m	ovement - ei	ther try the	
	over makes			<u> </u>			
not at all dizzy	very slightly dizzy	mildly dizzy	moderately dizzy	really quite dizzy	very dizzy	extremely dizzy	м
8. Lvina do	own and/or t	urnina over	in bed make	es me feel			
not at all dizzy	very slightly dizzy	mildly dizzy	moderately dizzy	really quite dizzy	very dizzy	extremely dizzy	M
9. Looking	up at the sky	y makes me	feel				
not at all dizzy	very slightly dizzy	mildly dizzy	moderately dizzy	really quite dizzy	very dizzy	extremely dizzy	м
10. Movine	g my head sl	owly from	side to side r	nakes me fe	el		741
not at all	very slightly	mildly	moderately	really quite	very dizzy	extremely dizzy	
dizzy	dizzy	aizzy	UIZZY	UIZZ y			
dizzy	dizzy	dizzy	dizzy	<u> </u>	امد	/	M
•	dizzy g my head <u>a</u> ı very slightly		•	<u> </u>	eel	extremely	M

Part B - how the dizziness is affecting you

Please read each question carefully - some of the statements are phrased to suggest that you have difficulty (for example, 'I have trouble focusing my eyes') and some are phrased to suggest you do not have difficulty (for example, 'I feel comfortable travelling').

If a question	n does not ap	ply to you, ple	ease circle 'same o	as before' rath	er than leavin	g it out.	Scores (office use)
12. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I feel comfortal	ble travelling			
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
13. Compared to before the dizziness, I feel confident							is
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
•			, I have difficulty		•		1 4. reverse scoring
(for exa			ing my teeth, dres				
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
15. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I feel comfortal	ble going out	alone		
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
16. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I can concentra	te and/or ren	nember thing:	S	
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
17. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I need to hold	on to somethi	ing for suppo	rt	17. reverse scoring
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
18. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I think my qua	lity of life is g	good		
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
19. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I avoid some a	ctivities, posi	itions or situa	tions	19. reverse scoring
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
20. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I am happy to	be on my ow	'n		
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
21. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I feel stable in	the dark or w	hen my eyes	are closed	
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q
22. Compai	red to before	the dizziness	, I take part in so	ocial activitie	s		
a lot more	quite a bit more	a little bit more	same as before	a little bit less	quite a bit less	a lot less	Q

Summary scores	Raw score	% deficit [†]
Symptoms Sum scores in boxes labelled D, A and M	(0 to 66)	raw x 1.52 =
Quality of Life Sum scores in boxes labelled Q	(0 to 66) [‡]	raw x 1.52 =
Total Sum Quality of Life and Symptom scores	(0 to 132)	raw x 0.76 =

Symptom subscales	Raw score	% deficit [†]
Dizziness Sum scores in boxes labelled D	(0 to 18)	raw x 5.56 =
Anxiety Sum scores in boxes labelled A	(0 to 18)	raw x 5.56 =
Motion-provoked dizziness Sum scores in boxes labelled M	(0 to 30)	raw x 3.34 =

The percentage deficit quantifies the discrepancy between the respondent's state at the time of completing the questionnaire and their normal state. A deficit of 0% means no discrepancy is registered by the questionnaire; 100% is the maximum discrepancy the questionnaire can reflect.

† If the Quality of Life raw score is less than 0, raise to 0.

Vestibular Rehabilitation Benefit Questionnaire Scoring template

(for manual scoring photocopy template onto transparency and place over completed questionnaire)

Part A — yo This section i	, .		xperience di	fferent feelin	gs.		Scores (office use)
1. I feel diz	zy						
6	5	4	3	2	1	0	D
2. I get a fe	eling of ting	ling, pricklir	ng or numbr	ess in my bo	ody		
6	5	4	3	2	1	0	А
3. I have a	feeling that	things are s	pinning or n	noving arour	nd		
6	5	4	3	2	1	0	D
4. I feel as t	hough my l	neart is pour	nding or flut	tering			
6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A
5. I feel uns	teady, as th	ough I may	lose my ba	lance			
6	5	4	3	2	1	0	D
6. I have di	fficulty brea	thing or feel	short of bre	eath			
6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A
Please do no movement o	ot circle 'not r talk to you	at all dizzy' if r balance the	you avoid n	move around naking the mo re answering.	ovement - ei	ther try the	
7. Bending	over makes	me feel					
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	м
8. Lying do	wn and/or t	urning over	in bed make	es me feel			
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	м
9. Looking	up at the sky	y makes me	feel				
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	м
10. Moving	my head <u>sl</u>	owly from s	ide to side r	makes me fe	el		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	м
11. Moving	my head <u>q</u>	uickly from s	side to side	makes me fe	el		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	м

Please reac have difficu	l each questic ulty (for exar	nple, 'I have t	ome of the sto trouble focusin	atements are ph ng my eyes') a el comfortable tr	nd some are	•
If a question	n does not ap	ply to you, ple	ase circle 'same	e as before' rath	er than leavin	g it out.
12. Compai	red to before	the dizziness,	I feel comfort	table travelling		
-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6
13. Compa	red to before	the dizziness,	I feel confide	nt		
-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6
-				llty looking afte essing myself, et	-	
6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6
15. Compa	red to before	the dizziness,	I feel comfort	table going out	alone	
-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6
16. Compa	red to before	the dizziness,	I can concent	rate and/or ren	nember thing	S
-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6
17. Compai	red to before	the dizziness,	I need to hold	d on to somethi	ing for suppo	rt
6	4	-2	0	-2	-4	-6
18. Compa	red to before	the dizziness,	I think my qu	ality of life is g	good	
-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6
19. Compai	red to before	the dizziness,	l avoid some	activities, posi	tions or situa	tions
6	4	-2	0	-2	-4	-6
20. Compa	red to before	the dizziness,	I am happy t	o be on my ow	'n	
-6	_ 4	-2	0	2	4	6

<u> </u>				_	-	•	Q
21. Compar	ed to before	the dizziness,	I feel stable in	n the dark or w	hen my eyes	s are closed	
-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6	Q
22. Compar	ed to before	the dizziness,	I take part in	social activitie	s		
-6	-4	- 2	0	2	4	6	

Summary scores	Raw score	% deficit [†]
Symptoms Sum scores in boxes labelled D, A and M	(0 to 66)	raw x 1.52 =
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Total Sum Quality of Life and Symptom scores	(0 to 132)	raw x 0.76 =

Symptom subscales	Raw score	% deficit [†]
Dizziness Sum scores in boxes labelled D	(0 to 18)	raw x 5.56 =
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[†] The percentage deficit quantifies the discrepancy between the respondent's state at the time of completing the questionnaire and their normal state. A deficit of 0% means no discrepancy is registered by the questionnaire; 100% is the maximum discrepancy the questionnaire can reflect.

[‡] If the Quality of Life raw score is less than 0, raise to 0.

VRBQ: Scoring Guide

VRBQ scores quantify the difference between the respondent's current state and a state that is normal for the individual. This allows the respondent to judge the impact of their dizziness, allowing for differences in what is 'normal' for each person. Raw scores are converted to a percentage scale for ease of interpretation: zero percent is the 'best' score, this implies no deficit between the respondent's state at the time of completing the questionnaire and their normal state; a deficit of 100% means that the respondent is as far from their normal state as the questionnaire is able to reflect. Any deficit score greater than zero percent implies the presence of symptoms, loss of function or reduced health-related quality of life relative to before the dizziness began.

The Symptom score and the Quality of Life score each account for half of the questionnaire points. The Symptom score can be used as a summary score alongside Quality of Life in clinic or research to gain insight into the nature of an individual's difficulties. Additionally, the three symptom subscales can be examined individually to assess the profile of symptoms in more detail.

To score the VRBQ:

1. Score individual items

Score each item using the scoring template and enter the scores in the boxes provided.

2. Calculate raw scores

Add the relevant item scores together to find the raw summary or subscale scores.

3. Increase the Quality of Life raw score to zero

If the Quality of Life subscale score is less than zero this implies an <u>improvement</u> compared to the respondent's normal state, before the dizziness began. Minus scores are not considered clinically meaningful, so the score is raised to zero to show that no negative impact from dizziness is reported.

4. Calculate percentage deficit scores

Multiply the raw score by the value shown in the % deficit box for each summary or subscale score.

For more details please refer to publications describing the development and validation of the VRBQ.

Visit http://www.isvr.soton.ac.uk/audiology/vrbq.htm to files related to the VRBQ.

VRBQ: Psychometric Properties

The Vestibular Rehabilitation Benefit Questionnaire was developed and validated using a data-driven approach. Questionnaire items were developed from qualitative analysis of interviews with individuals undergoing vestibular rehabilitation and consequently address the aspects of dizziness symptoms and impact described by patients. The subscale structure was identified through factor analysis of patient responses to a prototype questionnaire and the final VRBQ was validated against a battery of established questionnaires in a longitudinal study.

The construct validity of the VRBQ has been verified in relation to the Dizziness Handicap Inventory, the Vertigo Symptom Scale and SF-36. The subscales of the VRBQ show excellent internal consistency and test-retest reliability. A preliminary investigation indicates that the subscales of the VRBQ are more responsive to change than the corresponding subscales of the DHI and VSS.

		Clinically meaningful change [†]
	Total	7%
Summary scores	Quality of life	9%
	Symptoms	6%
	Dizziness	9%
Symptom subscales	Anxiety	5%
	Motion-provoked dizziness	13%

[†]Minimum clinically meaningful change is based on 2SD of the mean score change on repetition over 24 hours (95% confidence)

For more details please refer to publications describing the development and validation of the VRBQ.

Visit http://www.isvr.soton.ac.uk/audiology/vrbq.htm to download files related to the VRBQ.

References

- 1. Morris, A., Lutman, M., and Yardley, L. 2008. Measuring Outcome from Vestibular Rehabilitation, Part I: Qualitative development of a new self-report measure. *International Journal of Audiology*, 47:169-77.
- 2. Morris, A., Lutman, M., and Yardley, L. 2009. Measuring Outcome from Vestibular Rehabilitation, Part II: Refinement and validation of a new self-report measure. *International Journal of Audiology*, 48: 24-37.